SECTION A

Q1. **(a)** **All human beings aspire for happiness. Do you agree? What does happiness mean to you? Explain with examples.**
(150 words) [10]

Approach to question:

1. Yes, all human beings aspire for happiness.
2. Happiness is a subjective state of contentment and satisfaction.
3. It can be derived from various sources, such as fulfilling relationships, personal achievements, good health, and pursuing passions.
4. For example, spending quality time with loved ones, achieving career goals, engaging in hobbies, and contributing to the well-being of others can bring happiness.
5. Ultimately, happiness is unique to each individual, depending on their values, priorities, and life circumstances.

Answer:

Yes, I agree that all human beings aspire for happiness. Here is my explanation, along with examples:

1. **Innate Desire:** It is inherent in human nature to seek happiness and contentment. Every individual desires a state of well-being and fulfillment, where they experience joy, satisfaction, and a sense of purpose in their lives.

2. **Emotional Well-being:** Happiness encompasses positive emotions such as joy, love, gratitude, and serenity. It involves having a positive outlook on life, feeling connected to others, and being able to manage stress and challenges effectively.

   Example: A person finds happiness in spending quality time with loved ones, engaging in hobbies, or pursuing activities that bring them joy, like painting, playing a musical instrument, or practicing a sport.

3. **Fulfillment of Goals and Ambitions:** Happiness is often associated with achieving personal goals and aspirations. It includes the sense of accomplishment and satisfaction that arises from realizing one's dreams or making progress towards them.

   Example: A student who aspires to crack a competitive exam like the UPSC experiences happiness when they successfully clear the exam and secure a position in the civil services.

In conclusion, the pursuit of happiness is a universal human aspiration. It encompasses emotional well-being, the fulfillment of goals, meaningful relationships, and inner contentment.

(b) **What does ethics seek to promote in human life? Why is it all the more important in public administration?** **(150 words) [10]**

Approach to question:

Ethics seeks to promote moral values, principles, and behaviors that contribute to the well-being and development of individuals and society.

It is crucial in public administration because:

1. Upholds integrity and accountability, ensuring fair and just governance.
2. Fosters trust between public servants and citizens, enhancing the legitimacy of institutions.
3. Prevents corruption, favoritism, and abuse of power, safeguarding public resources.
4. Encourages empathy, respect, and inclusivity, promoting equitable and efficient service delivery.
5. Guides decision-making based on ethical considerations, balancing the interests of various stakeholders.

Answer:

Ethics seeks to promote certain fundamental values and principles in human life. Here are the key points explaining what ethics seeks to promote in human life and why it is particularly important in public administration:

1. **Moral Values:** Ethics aims to foster moral values such as honesty, integrity, fairness, and respect for others.

2. **Good Governance:** Ethics promotes the principles of transparency, accountability, and responsiveness in public administration.

   In public administration, the importance of ethics becomes even more pronounced due to the following reasons:

1. **Power and Authority:** Public administrators wield significant power and authority, making ethical conduct essential to prevent the misuse or abuse of these powers for personal gain.

2. **Allocation of Resources:** Public administrators are responsible for the fair allocation of limited resources.

In conclusion, ethics seeks to promote moral values, good governance, public trust, social justice, and ethical leadership in human life. Upholding ethics in public administration ensures a just and accountable government that works for the betterment of society.

Q2. **(a)** **In the context of defence services, 'patriotism' demands readiness to even lay down one's life in protecting the nation. According to you, what does patriotism imply in everyday civil life? Explain with illustrations and justify your answer.**

(150 words) [10]

Approach to question:

1. In everyday civil life, patriotism implies showing love, loyalty, and commitment towards one's country.
2. It involves actively participating in the betterment of the nation through civic engagement and responsible citizenship.
3. Patriotism can be demonstrated by respecting and abiding by the laws and regulations of the country.
4. It involves promoting unity, diversity, and harmony among fellow citizens.
5. Patriotism also implies taking pride in one's country's achievements and contributing to its progress and development.
6. Supporting social causes, volunteering for community service, and being environmentally conscious are expressions of patriotism.
7. Patriotism in civil life means exercising democratic rights, such as voting and participating in public debates.
8. It involves respecting the rights and dignity of every individual, irrespective of their background.
9. Patriotism requires fostering a sense of national identity and belonging among citizens.
10. It also means being aware of the country's history, culture, and values and cherishing them.

Justification: Patriotism extends beyond the defence services and has a crucial role in everyday civil life. While the readiness to sacrifice one's life is an extreme manifestation of patriotism, in civil life, it translates into actions that contribute to the overall well-being and progress of the nation.

Answer:

Patriotism in Everyday Civil Life

1. **Love and Respect for One's Country:** Patriotism in everyday civil life implies having a deep love and respect for one's country, its people, culture, and values.
2. **Civic Responsibility and Active Participation:** Patriotism also entails fulfilling civic responsibilities and actively participating in the democratic processes of the country.
3. **Upholding Democratic Principles:** Patriotism requires upholding democratic principles such as equality, justice, and freedom.
4. **Volunteering and Community Service:** Patriotism in everyday life can be demonstrated through volunteering and community service.
5. **Promoting Unity and Harmony:** Patriotism implies fostering unity and harmony among fellow citizens, irrespective of their differences.
6. **Honoring National Symbols:** Respecting and honoring national symbols, such as the flag, anthem, and national holidays, is a way of displaying patriotism in everyday civil life.
7. **Respecting Laws and Institutions:** Patriotism also involves respecting the laws of the land and institutions that uphold justice and governance.

Justification: Patriotism in everyday civil life is essential for the overall development and progress of a nation. It goes beyond mere words and requires active participation and dedication from citizens. Ultimately, patriotism in everyday life nurtures a sense of belonging and collective responsibility, fostering a society that thrives on shared values and aspirations.

(b) **What do you understand by 'probity' in public life? What are the difficulties in practicing it in the present times? How can these difficulties be overcome?**

(150 words) [10]

Approach to question:

1. Probity in public life refers to the adherence to high moral and ethical principles by individuals serving in public positions.
2. Difficulties in practicing probity in the present times include rampant corruption, political influence, lack of accountability, and compromised integrity.
3. These difficulties can be overcome through effective legislation, transparent governance, robust anti-corruption measures, independent oversight bodies, and promoting a culture of ethics and integrity.
4. Strengthening institutions, promoting whistleblower protection, ensuring swift and impartial justice, and fostering public awareness and participation are essential for upholding probity in public life.

Answer:

Probity in public life refers to the highest standards of honesty, integrity, and moral uprightness expected from individuals holding public offices or involved in public service. However, practicing probity in the present times faces several challenges. The difficulties in practicing probity are as follows:

1. **Corruption:** Corruption remains a major obstacle in practicing probity. Dishonest practices such as bribery, embezzlement, and favoritism erode the values of probity and undermine public trust.

2. **Lack of accountability:** Public officials often escape accountability for their actions, leading to a culture of impunity.

3. **Complex bureaucracy:** Cumbersome bureaucratic processes and red tape create opportunities for unethical practices.

To overcome these difficulties and promote probity in public life, the following measures can be taken:

1. **Strengthening legal framework:** Enactment and implementation of stringent laws and regulations against corruption and malpractice are essential.

2. **Promoting transparency and accountability:** Transparency measures such as the Right to Information (RTI) Act should be effectively implemented.

3. **Strengthening anti-corruption agencies:** Independent and empowered anti-corruption bodies should be established with adequate resources, authority, and autonomy to investigate and prosecute cases of corruption without political interference.

In conclusion, probity in public life is essential for maintaining the integrity of public institutions and ensuring good governance. While there are challenges in practicing probity in the present times, through a comprehensive approach involving legal reforms, transparency, accountability, technology, and citizen participation, these difficulties can be overcome, leading to a more ethical and accountable public administration.

Q3. (a) **"Integrity without knowledge is weak and useless, but knowledge without integrity is dangerous and dreadful". What do you understand by this statement? Explain your stand with illustrations from the modern context.**
(150 words) [10]

Approach to question:

1. Integrity refers to moral uprightness, honesty, and adherence to ethical principles.

2. Knowledge refers to the acquisition of information, skills, and understanding.

3. The statement suggests that integrity without knowledge lacks strength and utility, while knowledge without integrity can be harmful and frightening.

4. **Illustration 1:** A government official with integrity but lacking knowledge may be well-intentioned but ineffective in implementing policies, leading to wastage of resources.

5. **Illustration 2:** A knowledgeable individual without integrity can misuse their expertise for personal gain, such as a skilled hacker using their abilities to commit cybercrimes.

6. **Illustration 3:** In the medical field, a doctor with integrity but lacking knowledge may make incorrect diagnoses, while a knowledgeable but unethical doctor may exploit patients for financial gain.

Thus, the combination of integrity and knowledge is crucial for individuals in positions of power or expertise to positively impact society and avoid potential harm.

Answer:

The statement "Integrity without knowledge is weak and useless, but knowledge without integrity is dangerous and dreadful" highlights the significance of both integrity and knowledge in any individual's character and the potential consequences when one is lacking.

Integrity refers to the adherence to moral and ethical principles, while knowledge refers to the acquisition of information, facts, and skills.

When integrity is present without knowledge:

1. It may lead to individuals making decisions based on personal biases and emotions rather than rationality and evidence.

2. In situations where expertise is required, individuals lacking knowledge may be unable to perform their duties competently, undermining their credibility and effectiveness.

On the other hand, when knowledge is present without integrity:

1. Individuals may exploit their knowledge for personal gain, disregarding ethical considerations.

2. Without integrity, knowledge can be manipulated and misused to spread misinformation or engage in harmful activities.

In professions such as journalism, law enforcement, and governance, both knowledge and integrity are crucial.

In conclusion, the statement emphasizes that both integrity and knowledge are essential qualities that should be cultivated and harmonized in individuals. The absence of either element can lead to detrimental outcomes in personal, professional, and societal contexts.

(b) **"Human beings should always be treated as 'ends' in themselves and never as merely 'means'". Explain the meaning and significance of this statement, giving its implications in the modern techno-economic society.** **(150 words) [10]**

Approach to question:

1. Human beings should be regarded as ends in themselves, meaning they have intrinsic value and should not be treated merely as tools or resources.

2. This principle emphasizes the importance of respecting human dignity, autonomy, and well-being.

3. In a modern techno-economic society, this statement is significant as it reminds us to prioritize human welfare over technological advancements or economic gains.

4. It highlights the need to ensure that technology and economic systems serve the well-being of individuals rather than exploit them.

5. Upholding this principle can help prevent exploitation, dehumanization, and the erosion of human rights in the face of rapid technological advancements and economic pressures.

Answer:

Meaning and Significance of the Statement "Human beings should always be treated as 'ends' in themselves and never as merely 'means'".

1. **Meaning:** According to this statement, human beings have inherent worth and dignity, and they should be valued for who they are, not just as a means to achieve certain ends or goals.

2. **Significance:**
   (a) **Respect for human dignity:** By treating individuals as 'ends,' we acknowledge their inherent worth, dignity, and rights. It promotes a society that upholds human rights and values the well-being and autonomy of each person.
   (b) **Ethical considerations:** Recognizing individuals as 'ends' establishes a moral framework that prioritizes ethical conduct. It encourages fair and just treatment, fostering empathy, compassion, and the development of a more humane society.

Implications in the Modern Techno-economic Society:

1. **Technological advancements:** In a modern techno-economic society, the statement gains significance due to the rapid advancements in technology.

2. **Economic systems:** The statement challenges the prevailing economic models that prioritize profit and efficiency over human well-being.

3. **Automation and AI:** With the rise of automation and artificial intelligence, there is a need to ensure that these technologies are designed and implemented in a way that respects human dignity and does not lead to the devaluation or displacement of human labour.

In conclusion, the statement emphasizes the intrinsic value of every human being and the need to treat them as ends in themselves.

Q4. **(a)** **Which eminent personality has inspired you the most in the context of ethical conduct in life? Give the gist of his/her teachings. Giving specific examples, describe how you have been able to apply these teachings for your own ethical development.**

(150 words) [10]

Approach to question:
1. Mahatma Gandhi
2. **Teachings:** Non-violence, truth, self-discipline, and service to others.
3. Applied teachings by practicing non-violence in conflicts, embracing honesty in personal and professional life, cultivating self-discipline through regular meditation and self-reflection, and engaging in social service through volunteering at NGOs.

4. Personal growth in ethical conduct due to following Gandhi's principles.

Answer:

Eminent Personality: Mahatma Gandhi

Gist of teachings on ethical conduct in life:

1. **Non-violence:** Mahatma Gandhi believed in the power of non-violence as a means to resolve conflicts and bring about social change.

2. **Truth and honesty:** Gandhi laid great emphasis on truth and honesty in all aspects of life.

3. **Simplicity and minimalism:** Gandhi promoted a simple and minimalist lifestyle, highlighting the importance of contentment and detachment from material possessions.

4. **Self-discipline:** Gandhi emphasized the need for self-discipline and self-control.

Application of teachings for ethical development:

1. **Non-violence:** Inspired by Gandhi's teachings, I have actively participated in peaceful protests and social campaigns, advocating for causes that promote justice and equality.

2. **Truth and honesty:** Following Gandhi's teachings, I have strived to be truthful and honest in all my interactions and endeavors.

3. **Simplicity and minimalism:** I have embraced a minimalist lifestyle, focusing on needs rather than wants.

4. **Self-discipline:** Gandhi's emphasis on self-discipline has guided my ethical development..

In conclusion, Mahatma Gandhi's teachings on non-violence, truth, simplicity, and self-discipline have profoundly influenced my ethical conduct. His emphasis on these values has guided my actions, allowing me to lead an honest and principled life.

(b) **There is a heavy ethical responsibility on the public servants because they Occupy positions of power, handle huge amounts of public funds, and their decisions have wide-ranging impact on society and environment. What steps have you taken to improve your ethical competence to handle such responsibility?** **(150 words) [10]**

Approach to question:
1. Regularly attending ethics training programs and workshops to enhance my understanding of ethical principles and dilemmas.

2. Actively engaging in self-reflection and introspection to identify and address personal biases and values that may affect ethical decision-making.

3. Seeking guidance from mentors and experienced colleagues to gain insights into ethical challenges and best practices in public service.

4. Developing a comprehensive understanding of relevant laws, regulations, and policies to ensure adherence to legal and ethical frameworks.

Answer:

Steps taken to improve ethical competence in handling the heavy ethical responsibility as a public servant:

1. **Continuous learning and training:** I have actively pursued opportunities to enhance my understanding of ethics and governance through workshops, seminars, and training programs.

2. **Familiarity with ethical codes and guidelines:** I have familiarized myself with the ethical codes and guidelines set forth by the government and relevant regulatory bodies.

3. **Seeking guidance from senior colleagues and mentors:** I recognize the importance of seeking guidance from experienced and ethical senior colleagues.

4. **Reflective practice:** I regularly engage in self-reflection to assess my actions and decisions from an ethical perspective.

5. **Building a strong moral compass:** I have invested time and effort in developing and strengthening my personal values and moral compass.

6. **Encouraging a culture of ethics and integrity:** I have actively contributed to fostering a culture of ethics and integrity within my organization.

7. **Regular self-assessment and feedback:** I regularly assess my ethical competence and seek feedback from peers and superiors.

In conclusion, recognizing the heavy ethical responsibility that comes with being a public servant, I have taken several steps to improve my ethical competence.

Q5. **(a)** **The current society is plagued with widespread trust-deficit. What are the consequences of this situation for personal well-being and for societal well-being? What can you do at the personal level to make yourself trustworthy?** **(150 words) [10]**

Approach to question:

Consequences of Trust Deficit:

1. **Personal Well-being:**
   Increased stress, anxiety, and insecurity.
   Difficulty in forming meaningful relationships.
   Lack of support and cooperation from others.

2. **Societal Well-being:**
   Erosion of social cohesion and harmony.

Personal Steps to Build Trustworthiness: 1. Honesty:
   Upholding truthfulness and integrity in all interactions.
   Fulfilling commitments and promises made to others.

2. **Reliability:**
   Being consistent and dependable in actions and responsibilities.
   Meeting deadlines and obligations punctually.

3. **Communication:**
   Active listening and empathetic understanding.
   Clear and transparent communication with others.

4. **Accountability:**
   Taking responsibility for one's actions and their consequences.
   Acknowledging and learning from mistakes.

Answer:

Consequences of widespread trust-deficit for personal well-being and societal well-being:

1. **Personal well-being:**

   (a) **Psychological distress:** Lack of trust in others can lead to feelings of anxiety, fear, and suspicion, causing significant stress and mental health issues for individuals.

   (b) **Reduced social support:** Trust is the foundation of healthy relationships and social connections.

2. **Societal well-being:**

   (a) **Deterioration of social cohesion:** Widespread trust-deficit erodes the fabric of society, leading to divisions, polarization, and conflicts.

   (b) **Impaired governance:** Lack of trust in public institutions undermines the effectiveness and legitimacy of governance systems.

Actions to make oneself trustworthy at a personal level:

1. **Be reliable and consistent:** Fulfill your commitments, meet deadlines, and honor your word. Consistency in your actions builds trust over time.

2. **Demonstrate integrity:** Act ethically and honestly in all situations. Uphold moral values and principles, and maintain transparency in your dealings.

3. **Communicate effectively:** Listen attentively, be empathetic, and communicate openly and honestly.

By implementing these actions, individuals can contribute to creating a trustworthy environment, thereby fostering personal well-being and societal well-being. Trust, as the bedrock of relationships, is essential for building a harmonious and prosperous society.

(b) **It is often said that poverty leads to corruption. However, there is no dearth of instances where affluent and powerful people indulge in corruption in a big way. What are the basic causes of corruption among people? Support your answer with examples.** **(150 words) [10]**

Approach to question:

1.   Poverty is not the sole cause of corruption.

2.   Basic causes of corruption include greed, lack of ethical values, weak governance, and impunity.

3.   Affluent and powerful individuals may engage in corruption due to their desire for more wealth and influence.

4.   **Examples:** High-profile corruption cases involving politicians, businessmen, and bureaucrats.

5.   Corruption persists across various sectors, such as politics, business, and public administration.

6.   Socioeconomic factors, political instability, and inadequate legal frameworks contribute to corruption.

Answer:

Causes of Corruption Among People:

1.   **Lack of Transparency and Accountability:**

       Absence of transparent systems and procedures allows for corruption to thrive.

       Examples: Embezzlement of public funds by government officials, bribery in procurement processes.

2.   **Poverty and Socioeconomic Factors:**

       Poverty can lead individuals to engage in corrupt practices to meet their basic needs.

       Examples: Bribes paid to access basic services like healthcare and education, exploitation of the poor by corrupt officials.

3.   **Greed and Materialism:**

       The desire for wealth, luxury, and material possessions can drive individuals to engage in corrupt activities.

       Examples: Kickbacks received by politicians in exchange for awarding lucrative contracts, bribery in business transactions.

In conclusion, while poverty can be a contributing factor to corruption, it is not the sole cause. To address corruption effectively, it is crucial to strengthen transparency, establish robust accountability mechanisms, promote ethical values, enact stringent laws, and foster an active and aware citizenry.

Q6. **What factors affect the formation of a person's attitude towards social problems? In our society, contrasting attitudes are prevalent about many social problems. What contrasting attitudes do you notice about the caste system in our society? How do you explain the existence of these contrasting attitudes?**   **(150 words) [10]**

Approach to question:

Factors affecting the formation of a person's attitude towards social problems:

1.   Cultural and social upbringing

2.   Education and exposure to diverse perspectives

Contrasting attitudes about the caste system in our society:

1.   **Traditionalists:** Support caste-based hierarchy as part of religious and cultural practices.

2.   **Progressives:** Advocate for equality and eradication of caste-based discrimination.

Explanation for the existence of these contrasting attitudes:

1.   **Historical context:** Deep-rooted caste system with centuries of social conditioning.

2.   **Religious beliefs:** Some religious texts endorse the caste system, influencing traditionalist attitudes.

3.   **Economic factors:** Caste-based privileges and disadvantages affect socioeconomic status, shaping attitudes.

Answer:

Factors Affecting the Formation of a Person's Attitude towards Social Problems:

1.   **Cultural upbringing:** The cultural values and beliefs imbibed during childhood play a crucial role in shaping an individual's attitude towards social problems.

2.   **Education and exposure:** Formal education and exposure to diverse perspectives significantly influence one's attitude towards social problems.

3.   **Personal experiences:** Personal encounters with social problems can shape attitudes. Positive experiences, such as witnessing acts of kindness or successful social interventions, may lead to a more optimistic attitude.

Contrasting Attitudes about the Caste System in Our Society:

1.   **Endorsement of the caste system:** Some individuals in society hold a positive attitude towards the caste system, perceiving it as a necessary social hierarchy that maintains order and stability.

2.   **Rejection of the caste system:** Conversely, many individuals strongly oppose the caste system due to its inherent discrimination, inequality, and perpetuation of social injustice.

3.   **Traditionalist perspective:** Some individuals adhere to traditional beliefs and customs, valuing the preservation of cultural heritage associated with the caste system.

Explanation for the Existence of Contrasting Attitudes:

1.   **Historical legacy:** The caste system has deep historical roots and has been an integral part of the Indian social fabric for centuries.

2.   **Socioeconomic factors:** The caste system has profound socioeconomic implications.

3.   **Education and awareness:** Education and exposure to social issues influence attitudes.

Overall, the contrasting attitudes towards the caste system in society are a complex interplay of historical, cultural, economic, and individual factors. These differing perspectives contribute to ongoing debates and

discussions about the role and future of the caste system in India.

Q7. **What does 'accountability' mean in the context of public service? What measures can be adopted to ensure individual and collective accountability of public servants?**
(150 words) [10]

Approach to question:
Accountability in public service refers to the obligation of public servants to take responsibility for their actions, decisions, and performance. To ensure individual and collective accountability, the following measures can be adopted:
1. Clearly defined roles and responsibilities.
2. Regular performance evaluations and feedback mechanisms.
3. Implementation of a robust whistleblower protection framework.
4. Transparent and accessible grievance redressal mechanisms.

Answer:
Accountability in the context of public service refers to the obligation of public servants to take responsibility for their actions and decisions, and to be answerable for the outcomes and impacts of their work. To ensure individual and collective accountability of public servants, the following measures can be adopted:
1. **Legal and Regulatory Framework:** Enact and enforce laws and regulations that clearly define the roles, responsibilities, and standards expected from public servants.
2. **Performance Evaluation:** Conduct regular performance evaluations to assess the effectiveness and efficiency of public servants in fulfilling their duties.
3. **Transparency and Information Disclosure:** Ensure transparency in decision-making processes by making relevant information easily accessible to the public.
4. **Whistleblower Protection:** Establish mechanisms to protect whistleblowers who expose corruption or misconduct within the public service.
5. **Independent Oversight Bodies:** Strengthen the role and independence of institutions like audit bodies, ombudsman offices, and anti-corruption agencies.

By adopting these measures, both individual and collective accountability of public servants can be ensured. Accountability is crucial for maintaining the integrity and effectiveness of public service, promoting public trust, and ultimately, achieving good governance.

Q8. **We are witnessing increasing instances of sexual violence against women in the country. Despite existing legal provisions against it, the number of such incidences is on the rise. Suggest some innovative measures to tackle this menace.**

(150 words) [10]

Approach to question:
1. **Strengthening legal framework:** Amend existing laws to ensure stricter punishments and faster trials for sexual offenses, including stringent penalties for repeat offenders.
2. **Enhancing awareness and education:** Implement comprehensive sex education programs in schools and colleges to promote gender equality, consent, and respect, while also encouraging victims to report incidents without fear of stigma.
3. **Creating safe spaces:** Establish more women-centric helplines, support centers, and shelters to provide immediate assistance, counseling, and rehabilitation to survivors, ensuring their safety and well-being.
4. **Leveraging technology:** Develop and promote mobile apps, online platforms, and panic buttons for women to easily report incidents and seek help, while also utilizing data analytics to identify patterns and prevent future offenses.
5. **Strengthening law enforcement:** Improve police training on handling sexual offenses, ensuring sensitive and victim-centered investigations, along with the establishment of specialized investigation units dedicated to tackling such crimes.
6. **Community involvement:** Foster community engagement through awareness campaigns, workshops, and self-defense training programs, empowering women to protect themselves and fostering a collective responsibility to prevent sexual violence.

Answer:
Innovative measures to tackle the increasing instances of sexual violence against women in the country:
1. **Education and Awareness:** Implement comprehensive and gender-sensitive education programs that promote gender equality, consent, and respect for women.
2. **Strengthen Legal Framework:** Review and update existing laws related to sexual violence to ensure they are comprehensive, stringent, and effectively address the evolving nature of crimes.
3. **Use of Technology:** Develop mobile applications and helpline services specifically designed for reporting and tracking sexual violence cases. Ensure these platforms maintain confidentiality and provide immediate assistance.
4. **Engage Men and Boys:** Promote gender sensitivity and women's rights through targeted campaigns aimed at men and boys, emphasizing the importance of their role in preventing sexual violence.
5. **Strengthen Support Systems:** Increase the availability and accessibility of support services, including counseling, legal aid, and medical facilities for victims of sexual violence.

It is important to recognize that addressing sexual violence requires a multi-faceted approach involving active participation from all stakeholders, including government bodies, civil society organizations, educational institutions, and individuals.

SECTION B

Q9. **In the following questions, carefully study the cases presented and then answer the questions that follow:**

Now-a-days, there is an increasing thrust on economic development all around the globe. At the same time, there is also an increasing concern about environmental degradation caused by development. Many a time, we face a direct conflict between developmental activity and environmental quality. It is neither feasible to stop or curtail the developmental process, nor it is advisable to keep degrading the environment, as it threatens our very survival.

Discuss some feasible strategies which could be adopted to eliminate this conflict and which could lead to sustainable development. (250 words) [20]

Approach to question:

Feasible strategies for sustainable development:

1. Adopting renewable energy sources to reduce dependence on fossil fuels.
2. Implementing strict environmental regulations and monitoring mechanisms.
3. Promoting eco-friendly technologies and practices in industries and agriculture.
4. Encouraging public transportation systems and reducing reliance on private vehicles.
5. Emphasizing waste management and recycling initiatives.
6. Promoting afforestation and conservation of biodiversity.
7. Educating and raising awareness about the importance of sustainable development.
8. Promoting sustainable tourism practices to minimize the impact on the environment.
9. Involving local communities in decision-making processes.
10. Supporting research and development for innovative solutions to balance development and environmental preservation.

Answer:

Feasible Strategies for Achieving Sustainable Development:

1. **Integration of Environmental Considerations:** Instead of viewing environmental concerns as obstacles to development, it is crucial to integrate them into the decision-making process. Policies and plans should incorporate environmental impact assessments, ensuring that potential negative effects are identified and mitigated.

2. **Sustainable Resource Management:** Adopting sustainable resource management practices is vital to reduce environmental degradation. This includes implementing measures like efficient water usage, renewable energy sources, and sustainable agricultural practices that minimize soil erosion and chemical runoff.

3. **Conservation and Biodiversity Protection:** Preserving natural habitats and biodiversity is essential for sustainable development.

4. **Pollution Control and Waste Management:** Implementing stringent pollution control measures is necessary to mitigate environmental degradation.

5. **Green Technologies and Innovation:** Investing in research and development of green technologies is vital for sustainable development.

6. **Public Awareness and Participation:** Educating the public about the importance of sustainable development and environmental conservation is crucial.

7. **International Cooperation:** Addressing global environmental challenges requires international collaboration.

8. **Sustainable Urban Planning:** Urban areas are hubs of economic activity, but they also contribute significantly to environmental degradation.

9. **Economic Incentives and Regulations:** Governments can use economic incentives and regulations to promote sustainable practices.

10. **Long-term Perspective:** Sustainable development requires a long-term perspective, considering the needs of future generations.

By adopting these feasible strategies, it is possible to eliminate the conflict between developmental activities and environmental quality. Achieving sustainable development is essential for the well-being of present and future generations, and it requires a balanced approach that integrates economic growth with environmental stewardship.

Q10. **Suppose one of your close friends, who is also aspiring for civil services, comes to you for discussing some of the issues related to ethical conduct in public service. He raises the following points:**

(i) In the present times, when unethical environment is quite prevalent, individual attempts to stick to ethical principles may cause a lot of problems in one's career. It may also cause hardship to the family members as well as risk to one's life. Why should

we not be pragmatic and follow the path of least resistance, and be happy with doing whatever good we can?

(ii) When so many people are adopting wrong means and are grossly harming the system, what difference would it make if only a small minority tries to be ethical? They are going to be rather ineffective and are bound to get frustrated.

(iii) If we become fussy about ethical considerations, will it not hamper the economic progress of our country? After all, in the present age of high competition, we cannot afford to be left behind in the race of development.

(iv) It is understandable that we should not get involved in grossly unethical practices, but giving and accepting small gratifications and doing small favours increases everybody's motivation. It also makes the system more efficient. What is wrong in adopting such practices?

(250 words) [20]

Approach to question:

1. Ethical conduct in public service is essential despite prevalent unethical environments. Pragmatism compromising ethical principles leads to long-term negative consequences, undermining personal integrity and risking social harm.

2. Even a small minority upholding ethical values can make a significant impact. Their actions set an example, create awareness, and contribute to building a culture of integrity, gradually influencing others positively.

3. Embracing ethical considerations doesn't hinder economic progress. Rather, it ensures sustainable development, strengthens institutions, and fosters trust, attracting investments and enhancing efficiency in the long run.

4. Engaging in small unethical practices may seem harmless, but it erodes the system's integrity and perpetuates corruption. Upholding ethical standards is crucial for maintaining fairness, accountability, and public trust in public service.

Answer:

Ethical Conduct in Public Service: Addressing Concerns and Exploring the Importance

1. While it is true that following ethical principles may pose challenges and risks to one's career, family, and even life, it is essential to uphold these principles for several reasons:

Upholding ethical principles is a reflection of an individual's integrity and commitment to serving the public interest. It demonstrates a strong moral character and sets a positive example for others.

2. While it may seem that being ethical in the midst of widespread unethical practices is futile, even a small minority upholding ethical standards can make a significant difference. The impact may not be immediate or visible, but it is essential to remember that positive change often starts with a few dedicated individuals.

By demonstrating ethical conduct, individuals can inspire others to follow suit, leading to a gradual shift in the prevailing culture.

3. Concerns about ethical considerations hampering economic progress are based on a false dichotomy between ethics and development. In reality, ethical considerations are essential for sustainable and inclusive development:

Ethical conduct promotes transparency, accountability, and fairness, all of which are vital for fostering a conducive business environment and attracting investments.

4. Engaging in small unethical practices, such as giving and accepting small gratifications, undermines the integrity of the system and has broader negative consequences:

These practices erode public trust and perpetuate a culture of corruption, where personal gain takes precedence over the public interest.

In conclusion, despite the challenges and risks involved, individuals aspiring for civil services must uphold ethical principles. It is through the commitment to ethics that positive change can be fostered, trust can be rebuilt, and inclusive development can be achieved. By being ethical, civil servants contribute to the larger goal of creating a just, transparent, and progressive society.

Critically analyze the above viewpoints. On the basis of this analysis, what will be your advice to your friend?

Q11. **You are a no-nonsense, honest officer. You have been transferred to a remote district to head a department that is notorious for its inefficiency and callousness. You find that the main cause of the poor state of affairs is the indiscipline of a section of employees. They do not work themselves and also disrupt the working of others. You first warned the troublemakers to mend their ways or else face disciplinary action. When the warning had little effect, you issued a show cause notice to the ringleaders. As a retaliatory measure, these troublemakers instigated a woman employee amongst them to file a complaint of sexual harassment against you with the Women's Commission. The Commission promptly seeks your explanation. The matter is also publicized in the' media to embarrass you further. Some of**

the options to handle this situation could be as follows:

(a) **Give your explanation to the Commission and go soft on the disciplinary action.**

(b) **Ignore the Commission and proceed firmly with the disciplinary action.**

(c) **Brief your higher-ups seek directions from them and act accordingly.**

Suggest any other possible option(s). Evaluate all of them and suggest the best course of action, giving your reasons for it.

(250 words) [20]

Approach to question:

Options to handle the situation:

1. Give your explanation to the Commission and go soft on disciplinary action.

2. Ignore the Commission and proceed firmly with disciplinary action.

3. Brief your higher-ups, seek directions, and act accordingly.

4. Implement an internal investigation to gather evidence and address the complaint appropriately.

Evaluation and best course of action:

Option (i): Going soft on disciplinary action may send the wrong message and compromise the need for accountability and efficiency.

Option (ii): Ignoring the Commission undermines the importance of addressing sexual harassment complaints and may harm your reputation.

Option (iii): Seeking guidance from higher-ups ensures a balanced approach but may delay effective resolution.

Option (iv): An internal investigation ensures a fair assessment of the complaint and safeguards your reputation.

Option (v): Engaging in dialogue may help resolve underlying issues but should not compromise disciplinary measures.

Option (vi): Creating a supportive work environment encourages positive change and addresses indiscipline in the long run.

The best course of action is a combination of options (iv) and (vi). Initiate a thorough internal investigation to gather evidence and address the complaint appropriately, ensuring a fair and transparent process. Simultaneously, focus on building a supportive work environment to promote discipline and professionalism. This approach demonstrates commitment to addressing complaints while actively addressing the root causes of indiscipline, ensuring fairness and accountability in the department.

Answer:

Options to Handle the Situation:

1. Give your explanation to the Commission and go soft on the disciplinary action.

2. Ignore the Commission and proceed firmly with the disciplinary action.

3. Brief your higher-ups, seek directions from them, and act accordingly.

4. Explore alternative conflict resolution methods.

Evaluation of Options:

1. Give your explanation to the Commission and go soft on the disciplinary action:

Pros: Demonstrates transparency and willingness to address the complaint promptly.

Cons: May create an impression of compromising disciplinary standards.

2. Ignore the Commission and proceed firmly with the disciplinary action:

Pros: Sends a message that indiscipline will not be tolerated.

Cons: May exacerbate the situation and lead to further retaliation.

3. Brief your higher-ups, seek directions from them, and act accordingly:

Pros: Demonstrates a responsible approach by involving higher authorities.

Cons: Delays the resolution and may allow further disruptions.

4. Explore alternative conflict resolution methods:

Pros: Enables the officer to address the situation without compromising integrity.

Cons: Requires time, effort, and cooperation from all parties involved.

Suggested Course of Action:

Considering the circumstances, the best course of action would be to adopt option 3, i.e., brief higher-ups, seek directions, and act accordingly. This approach allows for a balanced resolution while maintaining the officer's integrity and organizational principles.

By involving higher authorities, the officer can ensure a fair assessment of the complaint while simultaneously addressing the disciplinary issues. Seeking guidance will help the officer make an informed decision based on established policies and legal obligations.

Ultimately, this course of action promotes transparency, accountability, and fairness while seeking a resolution that benefits both the organization and its employees.

Q12. **Suppose you are the CEO of a company that manufactures specialized electronic equipment used by a government department. You have submitted your bid for the supply of this equipment to the department. Both the quality and cost of your offer are better than those of the competitors. Yet the concerned officer is demanding a hefty bribe for approving the tender. Getting the order is important both for you and for your company. Not getting the order would mean closing a production**

line. It may ay also affect your own career. However, as a value-conscious person, you do not want to give bribe.

Valid arguments can be advanced both for giving the bribe and getting the order, and for refusing to pay the bribe and risking the loss of the order. What those arguments could be? Could there be any better way to get out of this dilemma? If so, outline the main elements of this third way, pointing out its merits. **(250 words) [20]**

Approach to question:

Arguments for giving the bribe and getting the order:

1. **Economic Survival:** Obtaining the order is crucial for the company's survival as it directly affects the production line and overall business operations.

2. **Job Security:** Securing the order would ensure the stability of the CEO's career and protect the interests of the company's employees.

Arguments for refusing to pay the bribe and risking the loss of the order:

1. **Upholding Ethics:** Refusing to engage in bribery upholds ethical standards and promotes transparency and integrity in business practices.

2. **Long-term Reputation:** Resisting bribery preserves the company's reputation and builds trust among stakeholders, which can lead to future business opportunities.

The third way to resolve this dilemma:

1. **Open Communication:** The CEO should engage in transparent discussions with the concerned officer, emphasizing the merits of the company's bid and the potential benefits of choosing the offer based on quality and cost.

2. **Reporting Corruption:** If the demands for a bribe persist, the CEO should consider reporting the matter to the appropriate authorities, ensuring that the issue is handled legally and ethically.

The merits of this approach include maintaining ethical standards, protecting the company's long-term reputation, and contributing to a corruption-free business environment. Additionally, seeking legal avenues and diversifying business efforts ensure sustainable growth and minimize reliance on unethical practices.

Answer:

Arguments for Giving the Bribe and Getting the Order:

1. **Survival of the company:** The order is crucial for the company's survival, as not getting it would result in closing a production line.

2. **Career advancement:** Securing the order would not only benefit the company but also enhance the CEO's career prospects.

3. **Ethical dilemma:** In some cases, individuals may argue that bribing in such situations is a pragmatic

approach considering the prevailing corrupt environment.

Arguments for Refusing to Pay the Bribe and Risking the Loss of the Order:

1. **Upholding ethical values:** Refusing to pay the bribe aligns with the CEO's values and principles. It promotes integrity, transparency, and fairness in business practices.

2. **Legal implications:** Engaging in bribery is illegal and can have severe consequences, including fines, legal prosecution, and damage to the company's reputation.

3. **Long-term sustainability:** While losing the order may have immediate consequences, it presents an opportunity to explore alternative strategies for sustainable growth.

The Third Way - A Better Approach:

The third way to navigate this dilemma involves the following elements:

1. **Engage in dialogue:** Initiate an open and honest conversation with the concerned officer. Clearly communicate the company's position, emphasizing the superior quality and cost of the equipment, as well as the potential benefits for the government department.

2. **Seek support:** Engage with industry associations, professional networks, or legal experts who can provide guidance and assistance in addressing corrupt practices.

3. **Report corruption:** If the dialogue fails and the bribe demand persists, consider reporting the matter to the appropriate authorities, such as anti-corruption agencies or ombudsman offices.

Merits of the Third Way:

1. Upholding ethical values while navigating a challenging situation.

2. Promoting transparency and integrity within the organization and the industry.

3. Building trust with stakeholders, including employees, customers, and investors.

Q13. Rameshwar successfully cleared the prestigious civil services examination and was excited about the opportunity that he would get through the civil services to serve the country. However, soon after joining the services, he realized that things are not as rosy as he had imagined.

He found a number of malpractices prevailing in the department assigned to him. For example, funds under various schemes and grants were being misappropriated. The official facilities were frequently being used for personal needs by the officefs and staff. After some time, he noticed that the process of recruiting the staff was also

not up to the mark. Prospective candidates were required to write an examination in which a lot of cheating was going on. Some candidates were provided external help in the examination. Rameshwar brought these incidents to the notice of his seniors. However, he was advised to keep his eyes, ears and mouth shut and ignore all these things which were taking place with the connivance of the higher-ups. Rameshwar felt highly disillusioned and uncomfortable. He comes to you seeking your advice.

Indicate various options that you think are available in this situation. How would You help him to evaluate these options and choose the most appropriate path to be adopted? **(250 words) [20]**

Approach to question:

1. Rameshwar can choose to remain silent and conform to the advice given by his seniors, which would allow him to continue his career without any obstacles or risks.

2. He can gather evidence of the malpractices and approach higher authorities or anti-corruption agencies to expose the wrongdoings. This option involves taking a stand against corruption but may face resistance and retaliation.

3. Rameshwar can seek legal guidance to understand the protection and whistleblower laws available to him. He can then blow the whistle on the malpractices, ensuring his identity is protected.

4. He can join or create an internal ethics committee within the department to address and rectify the malpractices. This option involves working within the system to bring about change.

5. Rameshwar can explore the possibility of transferring to another department or seeking a different role within the civil services where he can serve the country effectively without compromising his values.

6. Seeking advice and guidance from mentors or experienced individuals who have faced similar situations can help Rameshwar make an informed decision.

7. Evaluating the potential consequences, risks, and benefits of each option is crucial to choosing the most appropriate path that aligns with Rameshwar's values and long-term goals.

Answer:

Options available to Rameshwar in this situation:

1. **Reporting the malpractices internally:** Rameshwar can choose to document the malpractices in detail and report them to his immediate seniors or higher authorities within the department.

He can present evidence such as financial irregularities, misuse of official facilities, and cheating in recruitment exams to support his claims.

2. **Seeking legal recourse:** Rameshwar can consult a lawyer and explore legal options available to him to address the malpractices.

3. **Whistleblower protection:** Rameshwar can inquire about the whistleblower protection mechanisms available to him under the law.

4. **Seeking support from civil society organizations:** Rameshwar can approach credible civil society organizations that specialize in promoting transparency, accountability, and good governance.

Evaluating the options and choosing the most appropriate path:

1. **Assessing personal risks and potential impact:** Rameshwar should carefully evaluate the risks associated with each option and consider the potential consequences for his career, reputation, and personal safety.

2. **Seeking advice from trusted mentors:** Rameshwar should reach out to experienced and trustworthy mentors within the civil services or other relevant fields.

3. **Balancing short-term and long-term goals:** Rameshwar should consider his long-term goals of serving the country and upholding the principles of integrity and accountability.

4. **Seeking public support:** Rameshwar can consider leveraging public opinion and support by strategically exposing the malpractices through media or social platforms.

Ultimately, Rameshwar must choose the path that aligns with his values, upholds the principles of honesty and integrity, and aims to rectify the malpractices for the larger benefit of the country.

Q14. **In our country, the migration of rural people to towns and cities is increasing drastically. This is causing serious problems both in the rural as well as in the urban areas. In fact, things are becoming really unmanageable. Can you analyze this problem in detail and indicate not only the socio-economic but also the emotional and attitudinal factors responsible for this problem? Also, distinctly bring out why**

(a) **Educated rural youth are trying to shift to urban areas;**

(b) **Landless poor people are migrating to urban slums;**

(c) **Even some farmers are selling off their land and trying to settle in urban areas taking up petty jobs.**

What feasible steps can you suggest which will be effective in controlling this serious problem of our country? (250 words) [20]

Approach to question:

Increasing migration of rural people to towns and cities in our country has led to serious problems in both rural and urban areas.

Socio-economic factors contributing to this problem:

1. Lack of employment opportunities in rural areas.
2. Desire for better income and standard of living.
3. Limited access to education and healthcare facilities.

Emotional factors:

1. Aspirations for a better future and social mobility.
2. Influence of media and exposure to urban lifestyle.

Attitudinal factors:

1. Perception of urban areas as centers of opportunities and development.
2. Dissatisfaction with the agrarian lifestyle due to various challenges.

Reasons for educated rural youth shifting to urban areas:

1. Availability of better job prospects and career growth.
2. Access to quality education and skill development opportunities.

Reasons for landless poor people migrating to urban slums:

1. Seeking better living conditions and basic amenities.
2. Hopes of finding informal employment opportunities.

Reasons for farmers selling off land and settling in urban areas for petty jobs:

1. Increasing agrarian distress and debt burden.
2. Desire to escape unpredictable agricultural income.

Feasible steps to control this problem:

1. Promoting rural employment generation through skill development and entrepreneurship programs.
2. Improving rural infrastructure, healthcare, and education facilities.
3. Encouraging investments in agro-based industries to provide rural livelihood opportunities.

Answer:

Migration of rural people to towns and cities has witnessed a significant increase in our country. The reasons behind the migration can be categorized as follows:

1. Educated rural youth are trying to shift to urban areas due to the following reasons:

   (a) Lack of employment opportunities in rural areas: Rural regions often suffer from limited job prospects, especially for educated individuals.

   (b) Access to quality education and healthcare: Urban areas are equipped with better educational institutions and healthcare facilities, which attract educated rural youth seeking quality services and better future prospects.

2. **Landless poor people migrate to urban slums due to the following reasons:**

   (a) Poverty and lack of livelihood options: Landless poor people face extreme poverty and a lack of viable livelihood opportunities in rural areas.

   (b) Social security and welfare benefits: Urban areas, despite their challenges, offer certain social security schemes, welfare benefits, and access to basic services such as subsidized food, healthcare, and education.

3. Farmers selling off their land and settling in urban areas for petty jobs can be attributed to the following factors:

   (a) Agrarian crisis: Farmers often face financial distress due to various reasons such as unpredictable weather conditions, low agricultural productivity, mounting debts, and lack of market support.

   (b) Perceived economic opportunities: Farmers might perceive urban areas as offering better economic prospects, such as steady income through petty jobs.

To control this serious problem, the following feasible steps can be considered:

1. **Rural development initiatives:** Focus on rural development by providing better infrastructure, employment opportunities, and access to quality education and healthcare facilities in rural areas.

2. **Skill development and entrepreneurship:** Imparting skill training and promoting entrepreneurship in rural areas would create employment opportunities and encourage educated youth to stay back and contribute to the local economy.

By implementing these steps, a comprehensive approach can be adopted to address the issue of rural-urban migration.